PRIVACY NOTICE

THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW MEDICAL INFORMATION ABOUT YOU MAY BE USED AND DISCLOSED AND HOW YOU CAN GET ACCESS TO THIS INFORMATION. PLEASE REVIEW IT CAREFULLY.

The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) imposes certain requirements on employer health plans concerning the use and disclosure of certain individual health information, known as protected health information (referred to as PHI), which includes virtually all individually identifiable health information held by the health plan — whether received in writing, in an electronic medium, or as an oral communication. The health plans covered by this notice may share health information with each other to carry out Treatment, Payment, or Health Care Operations. This notice describes the privacy practices of the health programs under the following plans: CITGO Petroleum Corporation Medical, Dental and Life Insurance Program for Salaried Employees; and CITGO Petroleum Corporation Medical, Dental and Life Insurance Program for Hourly Employees. These plans are collectively referred to as the Plan in this notice, unless specified otherwise.

It is important to note that these rules apply only to the Plan, not CITGO as an employer — that is the way the HIPAA rules work. Different policies may apply to other CITGO programs or to data unrelated to the health plan.

The Plan’s duties with respect to health information about you. The Plan is required by law to maintain the privacy of your PHI, to provide you with this notice of the Plan’s legal duties and privacy practices with respect to your PHI, to follow the terms of the notice currently in effect, to communicate to you any future changes to this notice, and to notify affected individuals after a breach of unsecured PHI. If you participate in an insured plan option, you will receive a notice directly from the Insurer.

How the Plan may use or disclose your health information. The privacy rules generally allow the use and disclosure of your PHI without your permission (known as an authorization) for purposes of health care Treatment, Payment activities, and Health Care Operations. Here are some examples of what that might entail:

- **Treatment** includes providing, coordinating, or managing health care by one or more health care providers or doctors. Treatment can also include coordination or management of care between a provider and a third party, and consultation and referrals between providers. *For example, the Plan may share PHI about you with physicians who are treating you.*
• **Payment** includes activities by this Plan, other plans, or providers to obtain premiums, make coverage determinations and provide reimbursement for health care. This can include eligibility determinations, reviewing services for medical necessity or appropriateness, utilization management activities, claims management, and billing; as well as “behind the scenes” plan functions such as risk adjustment, collection, or reinsurance. *For example, the Plan may share information about your coverage or the expenses you have incurred with another health plan in order to coordinate payment of benefits.*

• **Health Care Operations** include activities by this Plan (and in limited circumstances other plans or providers) such as wellness and risk assessment programs, quality assessment and improvement activities, customer service, and internal grievance resolution. Health care operations also include vendor evaluations, credentialing, training, accreditation activities, underwriting, premium rating, arranging for medical review and audit activities, and business planning and development. The Plan will not use or disclose PHI that is genetic information for underwriting. *For example, the Plan may use information about your claims to review the effectiveness of wellness programs.*

The amount of PHI used or disclosed will be limited to the “Minimum Necessary” for these purposes, as defined under the HIPAA rules.

How the Plan may share your health information with CITGO. The Plan, or its health insurer or HMO, may disclose your PHI without your written authorization to CITGO for plan administration purposes. CITGO may need your PHI to administer benefits under the Plan. CITGO agrees not to use or disclose your PHI other than as permitted or required by the Plan documents and by law. **Employees in Benefits, the Human Resources Service Center, Benefits Accounting, and Human Resources, the Benefit Plans Committee, In-house Legal Counsel, and employees in the Information Technology group** are the only CITGO employees who will have access to your PHI for plan administration functions.

Here is how additional information may be shared between the Plan and CITGO, as allowed under the HIPAA rules:

• The Plan, or its Insurer or HMO, may disclose “summary health information” to CITGO if requested, for purposes of obtaining premium bids to provide coverage under the Plan, or for modifying, amending, or terminating the Plan. Summary health information is information that summarizes participants’ claims information, but from which names and other identifying information have been removed.

• The Plan, or its Insurer or HMO, may disclose to CITGO information on whether an individual is participating in the Plan, or has enrolled or disenrolled in an insurance option or HMO offered by the Plan.

In addition, you should know that CITGO cannot and will not use PHI obtained from the Plan for any employment-related actions. However, health information collected by CITGO from other sources, for example under CITGO’s short-term disability policy, under the Family and Medical Leave Act, Americans with Disabilities Act, or workers’ compensation is not protected under HIPAA (although this type of information may be protected under other laws).
Other allowable uses or disclosures of your health information. In certain cases, your PHI can be disclosed without authorization to a family member, close friend, or other person you identify who is involved in your care or payment for your care. Information describing your location, general condition, or death may be provided to a similar person (or to a public or private entity authorized to assist in disaster relief efforts). You will generally be given the chance to agree or object to these disclosures (although exceptions may be made, for example if you are not present or if you are incapacitated). In addition, your PHI may be disclosed without authorization to your personal representative.

The Plan is also allowed to use or disclose your health information without your written authorization, as described in the following categories. Not every use or disclosure in a category is listed. However, all of the ways the Plan is permitted to use or disclose PHI will fall within one of the categories.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Required by law</th>
<th>Uses and disclosures if a law requires such a use or disclosure (the use or disclosure will be limited to the relevant requirements of the law)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Workers’ compensation</td>
<td>Disclosures to workers’ compensation or similar legal programs that provide benefits for work-related injuries or illness without regard to fault, as authorized by and necessary to comply with such laws</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Necessary to prevent serious threat to health or safety</td>
<td>Uses and disclosures made in the good-faith belief that releasing your PHI is necessary to prevent or lessen a serious and imminent threat to public or personal health or safety, if made to someone reasonably able to prevent or lessen the threat (including disclosures to the target of the threat); includes disclosures to assist law enforcement officials in identifying or apprehending an individual because the individual has made a statement admitting participation in a violent crime that the Plan reasonably believes may have caused serious physical harm to a victim, or where it appears the individual has escaped from prison or from lawful custody</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public health activities</td>
<td>Uses and disclosures authorized by law to persons who may be at risk of contracting or spreading a disease or condition; disclosures to public health authorities to prevent or control disease or report child abuse or neglect; and disclosures to the Food and Drug Administration to collect or report adverse events or product defects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Victims of abuse, neglect, or domestic violence</td>
<td>Disclosures to government authorities, including social services or protected services agencies authorized by law to receive reports of abuse, neglect, or domestic violence, as required by law or if you agree or the Plan believes that disclosure is necessary to prevent serious harm to you or potential victims (you’ll be notified of the Plan’s disclosure if informing you will not put you at further risk)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Judicial and administrative proceedings</td>
<td>Disclosures in response to a court or administrative order, subpoena, discovery request, or other lawful process (the Plan may be required to notify you of the request, or receive satisfactory assurance from the party seeking your PHI that efforts were made to notify you or to obtain a qualified protective order concerning the information)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Law enforcement purposes</td>
<td>Disclosures to law enforcement officials required by law or pursuant to legal process, or to identify a suspect, fugitive, witness, or missing person; disclosures about a crime victim if you agree or if disclosure is necessary for immediate law enforcement activity; disclosure about a death that may have resulted from criminal conduct; and disclosure to provide evidence of criminal conduct on the Plan’s premises</td>
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<tr>
<td>Decedents</td>
<td>Disclosures to a coroner or medical examiner to identify the deceased or determine cause of death; and to funeral directors to carry out their duties</td>
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<tr>
<td>Organ, eye, or tissue donation</td>
<td>Disclosures to organ procurement organizations or other entities to facilitate organ, eye, or tissue donation and transplantation after death</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Research purposes</td>
<td>Disclosures subject to approval by institutional or private privacy review boards, and subject to certain assurances and representations by researchers regarding necessity of using your health information and treatment of the information during a research project</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Health oversight activities  | Disclosures to health agencies for activities authorized by law (audits, inspections, investigations, or licensing actions) for oversight of the health care system, government benefits programs for which PHI is relevant to beneficiary eligibility, and compliance with regulatory programs or civil rights laws

Specialized government functions  | Disclosures about individuals who are Armed Forces personnel or foreign military personnel under appropriate military command; disclosures to authorized federal officials for national security or intelligence activities; and disclosures to correctional facilities or custodial law enforcement officials about inmates

HHS investigations  | Disclosures of your PHI to the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) to investigate or determine the Plan’s compliance with the HIPAA privacy rule

Business associates  | Disclosures to business associates that provide services to the Plan (e.g., claims processing, data analysis, utilization review, legal, accounting, actuarial, etc.) and have entered into a written agreement with the Plan to protect any PHI that they receive

Uses or Disclosures of your health information that require your authorization. The following categories describe uses and disclosures of your PHI that require your authorization.

| Psychotherapy Notes | Uses and disclosures of your psychotherapy notes, unless the use or disclosure is for the purpose of the Plan defending itself in a legal proceeding that you initiated

| Marketing | Uses and disclosure of your PHI for marketing purposes, unless the communication is face-to-face or is a small, promotional gift

| Sale of PHI | Disclosures that are a sale of PHI

Except as described in this notice and as may be permitted or required by law, other uses and disclosures of your PHI will be made only with your written authorization. You may revoke your authorization as allowed under the HIPAA rules. However, you cannot revoke your authorization if the Plan has taken action relying on it. In other words, you cannot revoke your authorization with respect to disclosures the Plan has already made.

Your individual rights. You have the following rights with respect to your PHI the Plan maintains. These rights are subject to certain limitations, as discussed below. This section of the notice describes how you may exercise each individual right. See the table at the end of this notice for information on how to submit requests.

Right to request restrictions on certain uses and disclosures of your PHI and the Plan’s right to refuse. You have the right to ask the Plan to restrict the use and disclosure of your PHI for Treatment, Payment, or Health Care Operations, except for uses or disclosures required by law. You have the right to ask the Plan to restrict the use and disclosure of your PHI to family members, close friends, or other persons you identify as being involved in your care or payment for your care. You also have the right to ask the Plan to restrict use and disclosure of PHI to notify those persons of your location, general condition, or death — or to coordinate those efforts with entities assisting in disaster relief efforts. If you want to exercise this right, your request to the Plan must be in writing. The Plan is not required to agree to a requested restriction, unless the disclosure is for the Plan’s Payment or Health Care Operations and is not otherwise required by law, and the PHI pertains solely to a health care item or service that has been paid for in full by you or another person, other than the Plan, on your behalf (i.e., an “out-of-pocket payment”).
And if the Plan does agree, a restriction may later be terminated by your written request; by agreement between you and the Plan (including an oral agreement); or unilaterally by the Plan for PHI created or received after you are notified that the Plan has removed the restrictions, provided that the Plan may not unilaterally terminate an agreement related to an out-of-pocket payment. The Plan may also disclose PHI about you if you need emergency treatment, even if the Plan has agreed to a restriction.

**Right to receive confidential communications of your PHI.** If you think that disclosure of your PHI by the usual means could endanger you in some way, the Plan will accommodate reasonable requests to receive communications of PHI from the Plan by alternative means or at alternative locations. If you want to exercise this right, your request to the Plan must be in writing and you must include a statement that disclosure of all or part of the information could endanger you.

**Right to inspect and copy your PHI.** With certain exceptions, you have the right to inspect or obtain a copy of your PHI in a “Designated Record Set.” This may include medical and billing records maintained for a health care provider; enrollment, payment, claims adjudication, and case or medical management record systems maintained by a plan; or a group of records the Plan uses to make decisions about individuals. However, you do not have a right to inspect or obtain copies of psychotherapy notes or information compiled for civil, criminal, or administrative proceedings. In addition, the Plan may deny your right to access, although in certain circumstances you may request a review of the denial. If you want to exercise this right, your request to the Plan must be in writing. Within 30 days of receipt of your request, the Plan will provide you with:

- The access or copies you requested;
- A written denial that explains why your request was denied and any rights you may have to have the denial reviewed or file a complaint; or
- A written statement that the time period for reviewing your request will be extended for no more than 30 more days, along with the reasons for the delay and the date by which the Plan expects to address your request.

The Plan may provide you with a summary or explanation of the information instead of access to or copies of your PHI, if you agree in advance and pay any applicable fees. The Plan may also charge reasonable fees for copies and postage. If the Plan doesn’t maintain the PHI but knows where it is maintained, you will be informed of where to direct your request.

**Right to amend your PHI that is inaccurate or incomplete.** With certain exceptions, you have a right to request that the Plan amend your PHI in a Designated Record Set. The Plan may deny your request for a number of reasons. For example, your request may be denied if the PHI is accurate and complete, was not created by the Plan (unless the person or entity that created the information is no longer available), is not part of the Designated Record Set, or is not available for inspection (e.g., psychotherapy notes or information compiled for civil, criminal, or administrative proceedings). If you want to exercise this right, your request to the Plan must be in writing, and you must include a statement to support the requested amendment. Within 60 days of receipt of your request, the Plan will:

- Make the amendment as requested;
• Provide a written denial that explains why your request was denied and any rights you may have to disagree or file a complaint; or

• Provide a written statement that the time period for reviewing your request will be extended for no more than 30 more days, along with the reasons for the delay and the date by which the Plan expects to address your request.

**Right to receive an accounting of disclosures of your health information.** You have the right to a list of certain disclosures the Plan has made of your PHI. This is often referred to as an “accounting of disclosures.” You generally may receive an accounting of disclosures if the disclosure is required by law, in connection with public health activities, or in similar situations listed in the table earlier in this notice, unless otherwise indicated below. You may receive information on disclosures of your PHI going back for six (6) years from the date of your request. You do **not** have a right to receive an accounting of any disclosures made:

• For Treatment, Payment, or Health Care Operations;

• To you about your own PHI;

• Incidental to other permitted or required disclosures;

• Where authorization was provided;

• To family members or friends involved in your care (where disclosure is permitted without authorization);

• For national security or intelligence purposes or to correctional institutions or law enforcement officials in certain circumstances; or

• As part of a “limited data set” (health information that excludes certain identifying information).

In addition, your right to an accounting of disclosures to a health oversight agency or law enforcement official may be suspended at the request of the agency or official.

If you want to exercise this right, your request to the Plan must be in writing. Within 60 days of the request, the Plan will provide you with the list of disclosures or a written statement that the time period for providing this list will be extended for no more than 30 more days, along with the reasons for the delay and the date by which the Plan expects to address your request. You may make one (1) request in any 12-month period at no cost to you, but the Plan may charge a fee for subsequent requests. You will be notified of the fee in advance and have the opportunity to change or revoke your request.

**Right to obtain a paper copy of this notice from the Plan upon request.** You have the right to obtain a paper copy of this Privacy Notice upon request. Even individuals who agreed to receive this notice electronically may request a paper copy at any time.
Changes to the information in this notice. The Plan must abide by the terms of the Privacy Notice currently in effect. This notice takes effect on September 23, 2013. However, the Plan reserves the right to change the terms of its privacy policies as described in this notice at any time, and to make new provisions effective for all health information that the Plan maintains. This includes PHI that was previously created or received, not just PHI created or received after the policy is changed. If changes are made to the Plan’s privacy policies described in this notice, you will be provided with a revised Privacy Notice which will either be hand delivered or mailed to your home address.

Complaints. If you believe your privacy rights have been violated, you may complain to the Plan and to the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. You will not be retaliated against for filing a complaint. To file a complaint with the Plan, you should use the form posted on CITGO’s intranet and internet sites. If you do not have access to the internet or intranet, you can write the Complaint Manager and request a Complaint Form.

The HIPAA Complaint Manager can be reached in one of two ways:

1. by email at HIPAAREQUEST@citgo.com or
2. by regular mail addressed to:
   
   HIPAA Complaint Manager  
   CITGO Petroleum Corporation  
   Human Resources  
   P.O. Box 4689  
   MS N5063  
   Houston, TX 77210-4689

Contact. For more information on the Plan’s privacy policies or your rights under HIPAA, contact the HIPAA Services Contact by one of the following means:

1. by email to HIPAAREQUEST@citgo.com or
2. by phone at 1-888-443-5707
3. by regular mail addressed to:

   HIPAA Services Contact  
   CITGO Petroleum Corporation  
   Benefits  
   P.O. Box 4689  
   MS N5063  
   Houston, TX 77210-4689
The CITGO HIPAA Privacy Officer can be reached by one of the following means:

1. by email to HIPAAREQUEST@citgo.com or

2. by regular mail addressed to:

   HIPAA Privacy Officer  
   CITGO Petroleum Corporation  
   Human Resources  
   P.O. Box 4689  
   MS N5063  
   Houston, TX 77210-4689